

See "THE BAR SINISTER", Thursday, Coyle Theatre. 10c & 25c

THE CHARLEROI MAIL

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CHARLEROI, WASHINGTON CO. WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 16, 1918

ONE CENT

CHARLEROI BOYS AT KELLY FIELD

Bennis Oates, now serving in the aviation division of the army at Kelly Field, in Texas, sends the Mail the following very interesting letter concerning the work of that interesting section of military activity.

Kelly Field South San Antonio, January 5, 1918—Editor of the Mail: In receipt of some copies of the Charleroi Mail from home I see in your columns a letter from Melford McCann dated "Somewhere in France," which enables the folks at home to know where the Charleroi boys are stationed, so I am taking this means to let the townfolk know that Charleroi is well represented in the aviation section of the regular army.

At present there are six Charleroi boys at Kelly Field, Aubrey Clendine, Thomas Jeffries, Joseph McCann, Gerald Calistri, Louis Dordain and Dennis Oates. Practically all of the boys have been assigned to a squadron which will soon leave for overseas duty.

When he took his Serbian who shot the Austrian Grand Duke in Sarajevo, was loading his pistol in the summer of 1914 he probably did not realize that most of the civilized world would be fighting within three years nor that his pistol shot would be the means of the death of 5,000,000 people.

A spring drive with thousands of aeroplanes manned by Americans and commanded by American officers from Kelly Field may be one of the plans now being worked out. Already thousands of aviators have gone from Kelly Field for overseas duty and by April there will be thousands more. Talk to any of the men who are flying at Kelly Field and there is not one of them who is going to be satisfied with merely flying over the German lines. They are actuated by a common impulse.

German lines nothing. I won't stop till I get to Berlin." is the way one flier put it. They know that flights can be made from the western front to Berlin and when the American aeroplanes arise from behind the western battle lines next spring, look out.

Continued on Page 2.

LAWRENCE B. FRYE HAS NEW ASSISTANT

Harold Dill, of Pimbleville, has engaged with Lawrence B. Frye as undertaker assistant. Mr. Dill comes highly recommended to Charleroi, being a graduate of Eckels school of embalming of Philadelphia. He will take the place made vacant by John E. Califfe, who is now in military training at Camp Pike. Mr. Dill entered upon his new duties on Monday last.

MOTHER OF LOCAL WOMAN DIES AT CONNELLSVILLE

Mrs. James Frew and daughters, Elizabeth, Clara and Mildred Lou have been called to Conneltsville by the death of her mother, Mrs. Emma Vance. The funeral services were held Wednesday afternoon.

YOUNG LADIES CIRCLE HOLDS REGULAR MEETING

The Young Ladies Circle of the First Presbyterian church was entertained at the home of Miss Lottie Karpjuweit Tuesday evening. The time was spent in knitting for the Red Cross society. A sled load was planned for Friday evening when the young ladies will take lunch and go to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Sprowls in the country to spend the evening. Luncheon was served by Miss Karpjuweit, assisted by her sister-in-law. The next meeting will be at the home of Miss Elizabeth Steinhilgh on January 29.

TOBACCO FROM ALPHA PHI BETA

The Alpha Phi Beta is continuing its collections for the tobacco fund, by means of which Charleroi boys now in the military service of the United States are provided with tobacco from time to time, as liberally as the funds received from the public will permit.

The fund was augmented on Tuesday by the addition of \$54.03, the amount taken from the receptacles located in the different stores and business houses of the borough, making a total of \$115.03 received to date. From this fund there was sent to each of the boys on the list one pound of tobacco, a pipe and a pipe cleaner. Those who will receive this tobacco are George Hudspeth, Harry Hudspeth, George Vetter, Joseph Varce, Wm. McClurg, Earl McClurg, Jos. LaRue, Strauss Farrell, Frank Myers, Ralph Williamson, John Kullow, Charles Baker, John O'Neil, Jesse Richey, Melford McCann, Lewis Phillips, Myron Jells, Clarence Velleury, Arden Calvert, John Barr, Jack Merrin, George Wenzel, Harvey Adams, Henry Lowstetter.

Any additional names will be gladly taken care of, if those directly interested will leave information at Vetter's store or call Bell phone 10-W. To date 120 pounds of tobacco have been purchased. Shipments are made once a month, if sufficient funds are provided to make purchases. Receptacles for donations are located in all stores, banks and places of business.

NO MATERIAL CHANGE IN RIVER CONDITION

The snow and rain of Monday night and Tuesday morning has had no effect on the river. The cold spell of Tuesday afternoon and evening checked any tendency toward a rise in the stream, while the lower temperature of Tuesday night only served to add to the thickness of the ice. The weather man promises no immediate relief, his prediction for Thursday being for the same temperature as today. The highest temperature on Tuesday was 27 above zero, while the lowest was 17 above. What is wanted just now is enough of a temperature to thaw the ice in the river so that it will break up without damage to shipping.

Mrs. J. G. Albright and Miss Jean Calvert spent Wednesday in Pittsburgh

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Charleroi Red Cross Elects New Officers

A meeting of the directors of the Charleroi Chapter of the American Red Cross was held in the parlors of the Elks' Club Tuesday evening, with the following members present: Mesdames Stewart, Pfelehardt, Davis and Monahan and Messrs. Booth, Fleming, Hart, Pau, Berryman, Rush, Hornell, James, Byerly, Pollock, Gaut, Daly Sharpnack, Warrensford, Stahlman, Milliken, Teitelbaum, Schaffer, McCloskey, Scott and Micht.

The first item of business was a report of the enrollment committee, which reported that a total of 641 new members had been secured in the last campaign for members, which gives the Chapter a total membership of 5,008. Of this number 3,192 are located in Charleroi, Speers, Allenport and Lock Four, with California having an enrollment of 1,096. A more detailed report of the campaign will appear in the Mail later.

The finance committee also made a report, showing that at this date they have pledges for the maintenance of the Charleroi Red Cross Chapter of \$500 per month. However the committee desires that this amount be increased to \$1,000 per month, a sum necessary for the successful operation of the activities of the Chapter.

An election of officers to serve for the ensuing year was then held, which resulted as follows: President—H. J. Booth; Vice President—R. H. Rush; Secretary—Miss Minnie Richardson; Treasurer—S. Wilton Sharpnack. The President was authorized to appoint representatives from the workmen of the various factories on the executive committee.

A dance which is being promoted by the Alpha Phi Beta fraternity for the benefit of the Red Cross to be held early in February was approved, and the date of the benefit will be announced within a very few days.

Various committees to have charge of the different details of the work of the Chapter will be announced shortly by President Booth.

ASKS DAMAGES FOR TAXICAB ACCIDENT

A suit to recover \$5,000 damages for alleged personal injuries claimed to have been sustained when the plaintiff was struck by an automobile of the defendant, has been filed in the Washington county courts by William Gillingham against Louis Nevins. The accident occurred on January 16, 1916. On that date it is set forth that the defendant ran a taxicab service between California and Daisytown, and that the plaintiff was a passenger in one of the cars of the defendant. He avers that he alighted from the machine of the defendant at the corner of Second and Wood streets, California and attempted to cross to the north side of the street at a regular crossing. Before he could do so he claims that he was run down and struck by another machine belonging to the defendant, who was also driving it. He was knocked down and dragged along the street for some distance. It is alleged that his legs and arms were injured, while he suffered injuries to his body, which he claims are permanent. The defendant is charged with failure to sound a warning at the crossing and with reckless and careless driving.

High Cost of Living Solved

Make ten or fifteen dollars a week placing accident and sickness insurance during your spare time, evenings, etc. No capital required. Address: National Casualty Co., Detroit, Michigan. 180-41-p

Pneumonia is the worst foe of the American soldier these days, both in training camps and back of the battle line. In Pittsburgh 20 per cent of all the deaths in the city were from pneumonia. If some physician could discover a cure for this malady what a blessing he would be to mankind.

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High School Professor JOINS THE AVIATORS

Prof. A. K. DeFrance, teacher of science in the Monongahela high school, enlisted in the aviation division of the United States Army on Tuesday at the Pittsburgh recruiting station. He was sworn in for a period of four years, unless sooner discharged and put on waiting orders, which may come about the first of March. Prof. DeFrance enlisted as a flyer and expects to be sent to one of the southern training camps for instruction. During the fall and winter he has been directing the athletics of the high school boys.

MINISTERS MEET IN BELLE VERNON

The Monongahela Valley Ministerial Association met Tuesday in the Baptist church of Belle Vernon. The meeting was called to order by the Rev. Dr. Perrine H. Baker, the vice president. An inspiring sermon was preached by the Rev. Dr. Taylor of the Methodist church of Belle Vernon on the theme, "The Bounty of God." A paper was read on "The Relation of Church and State" by Rev. J. W. Jarvis of Monessen. Charleroi ministers present were the Reverends Bastian, Burson, Rees, and Frazier. The next meeting of the association will be held in Charleroi in the Washington Avenue Presbyterian church on the third Tuesday of March.

WILL TAKE HOME ON PROSPECT AVE.

Rev. C. A. Keller, the new pastor of the First Presbyterian church, has rented the home of Mrs. Jane Stroud, 117 Prospect avenue, and will move with his family to this city just as soon as he can have his goods moved. His furniture is stored in Sandusky, Ohio, but as there is an embargo on freight shipments except in Pittsburgh it may be some time before he is able to get his goods through. Local members of the First Presbyterian church are lending their influence in an endeavor to have the household goods of Mr. Keller shipped to Charleroi without delay.

A QUIET WEDDING TUESDAY EVENING

Tuesday evening at six o'clock in the pastor's study of the Washington Avenue Presbyterian church occurred the marriage of John Churbock, of Fayette City and Miss Ruth Axton of Belle Vernon. The study was decorated for the occasion and all the appointments were in keeping with the solemn vows taken. The ceremony was performed in the presence of invited friends by the Rev. John R. Burson, pastor of the church. Mr. and Mrs. Churbock, after a short wedding trip, expect to be at home to their friends in Belle Vernon.

BASKET BALL GAME HAS BEEN CANCELLED

The basketball game scheduled for this evening between the Charleroi high and Washington high teams, has been cancelled on account of examinations.

HELD FOR COURT ON EXPRESS THEFTS

Ten men, accused of being implicated in the theft of goods valued at more than \$2,000 from the Adams Express Company en route to the consignees, were held for court on a charge of larceny by Alderman J. J. Kelly of Pittsburgh on Tuesday. Bail was fixed at \$1,000 each. The men admitted their parts in the theft. Most of the stolen goods have been recovered. Officers of the express company stated they were searching for two women who had been implicated in the thefts in that they had bought some of the goods.

The men were arrested last Friday following an investigation by officials of the express company after numerous complaints had been received that goods consigned to persons in Monongahela valley had not reached their destination. The thefts had been taking place according to statements made by the officials since before Christmas.

Of the ten men held for court three were from this section of the valley, Howard Planden, West Monessen, M. C. Pivarnik, Allenport and Joseph Palma of Donora. Others implicated were from Pittsburgh, McKeesport, Greensburg and Everett.

During the hearing lists of the stolen articles, which had been prepared by officials of the express company, were presented to each of the men. Each man after reading a list admitted that the articles named were what they had taken.

STRONG BID FOR THE VALVE-IN-HEAD CARS

Dealers throughout country ready to greet the tourist. The Spencer Auto Garage, Inc., distributors of the "Valve-in-Head" cars, have just announced what will comprise the line of valve-in-head cars for the 1918 season. Their assortment this season certainly gives prospective purchasers an opportunity to secure just the type of cars that best meet their business or personal needs.

The trend has been gradually running more toward the all-year types in the automobile and in recognition of this fact the company this season offering a line which answers every possible requirement, in that they have closed models in three, five and seven passenger capacities in both four and six cylinder valve-in-head motors.

The valve-in-head principle of motor construction has been dominant in the manufacture of the type since the first car of that name was placed on the market.

The success achieved by the company is due more than anything else to a strict adherence to this type of motor. Pronounced right in principle from the first, it now has back of it seventeen years of service. In all parts of the world and on roads of every description, this motor has measured up to the demands of the most exacting motorists. 180-41-p

Notice

Owing to the fact that a good many of our consumers are letting the water run continuously during this extreme cold weather instead of shutting it off and draining the pipes to prevent freezing, we were compelled to shut off the supply of all industrial plants in order that we might be able to serve our domestic consumers. We also experienced serious trouble at our plant, which has been since overcome, and was unable to operate it to its fullest capacity.

Now in order to meet this emergency we ask that all consumers conserve the use of water for at least one week, to enable us to replenish our supply to meet emergencies.

Tri-Cities Water Co. 179-46-p

Mrs. I. E. Rowland, of Elizabeth, is at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Mikson. Dr. Rowland has gone to Camp Greenleaf, Ga., where he has been stationed with the Officers Medical Reserve Corps. Mrs. Rowland will join him later.

Majestic Theatre Today

Ethel Clayton

in "Easy Money" also a comedy

A POCKET STOVE

Just the thing for the pocket or muff

Keeps you warm

Price 25c

MIGHT'S BOOK STORE

Coyle Theatre Today

ETHEL BARRYMORE

in "An American Widow"

Watches With a Reputation



Our stock of fine watches contains real opportunities for the prospective watch purchaser. A watch for yourself, for your wife, for your boy you can buy it here at the right price.

Ask about the watch illustrated

JOHN B. SCHAFER, Manufacturing Jeweler and Optician, 515 McKean Ave.

MAKE SAVING EASY—The War Savings Stamps of the U. S. Government make saving easy, as you can buy them of us in denominations of 25c and \$5, and as you get them you can paste them on a folder which is provided for that purpose. The \$5 Stamp bears 4 per cent interest, compounded quarterly.

The First National Bank CHARLEROI, PA.

George Newton, Administrator,
Charleroi, Pa.
Hugh E. Fergus. Attorney.
J-2-9-16-23-301F-4

January Clearance Sale

Great Clearance Sale
Shirt Waists
59c - 69c - 98c - \$1.98

From big lots, former prices from \$1.00 to \$3.50, including our fine Voiles, Lawns, Organdies and Madras, all sizes from 33 to 44, plain white or colored effects.

Women's and Misses' SUITS
Reduced to
\$19.75, \$29.75, \$37.50

Representing values up to \$50, fine serges, Gaberdines, Worsted, Twills, Tricotines, Broadcloths, etc., all new this season's styles and products of the finest makers, every color, also black.

Women's and Misses' Coats
Reduced to
\$12.75, \$17.50, \$22.50, \$26.75, \$35

Every coat in stock reduced, former values up to \$50, a wonderful selection of attractive models made up from every wanted fabric and every wanted color. Stylish, beautiful garments at unusually large savings.

Clearance Sale Prices on
Plush Coats
\$19.75 \$22.50 \$27.50 \$39.75 \$59.75

Former values up to \$75. Just 40 fine garments in nearly as many different styles, all this season's and strictly up-to-the-minute, all are made of the finest plush with stylish large collars and belts. No other garment will give such satisfaction as a plush coat. On account of their staple character, style changes effect these less than any other kind, making them garments of great economy on account of the long service to be obtained. Select one now, the savings are large and variety exceptionally large.

J. W. Berryman & Son

Charleroi's Busy Store

ADAMS

Pure Chewing Gum

a Stick a day
keep
thirst
away



BLACK JACK

A Teamster Without A Team

You never heard of a teamster without a team—did you? Did you ever hear of a rich or successful man without a bank account? You cannot succeed without a bank account any more than you can team without horses. This bank is the bank of accommodation—meets your needs—fits your case. The same welcome is accorded the man with a dollar as the man with thousands. Test us NOW.

BANK of CHARLEROI
CHARLEROI, PA.

Basement Specials
Women's and Misses' COATS
Reduced to
\$1.95, \$2.95, \$5.98

Former prices from \$10 to \$25, fully 200 garments, all made of exceptionally fine quality fabrics and most every popular color, also black. These include every odd garment of our stock, no two alike. On sale while they last at above low prices.

Boys' Suits
Values up to \$10 Reduced to
\$3.95 and \$5.95

Two hundred and fifty suits in sizes 9 to 18 years, fine, strong, serviceable suits in dark and medium mixtures of grey, brown, blue, etc. Excellent for school and every day wear or for dress-up. These comprise just our surplus stocks but every suit is a wonderful value that cannot be bought by us at the prices we are now offering them for.

Yard Wide Percales
17c
About 300 yards in a fine selection of patterns, special while they last at only 17c yard.

Heavy Quality Muslin
14c
Yard wide unbleached muslin, regular 20c value, slightly soiled on selvedge, while a limited quantity lasts at only 14c yard.

10c to 20c Embroidery Insertions, 4c
500 yards in one to four inch widths, over 50 pretty designs, while they last only 4c yard.

NEW DOG LAW IS IN EFFECT TODAY

The provisions of the new dog law, passed by the last session of the legislature, became effective Tuesday. From now on it will be unlawful to keep or own a dog six months old or over unless such dog is duly licensed and at all times lawfully collared and tagged. Neither is a dog permitted to run at large unaccompanied by its owner or keeper. A dog hereafter must be kept on the premises of the owner, like other livestock or be accompanied by the owner when off the premises.

This new law was passed largely through the influence of the legislative committee of the Washington county Pomona grange, consisting of R. M. Carrons, R. L. Muncie and R. M. Day, who believe that a strict enforcement of the law will be a great factor in restoring the sheep industry of Washington as well as other counties throughout the commonwealth.

TODAY TO BE SHOWN AT MAJESTIC THEATRE

Florence Reed famous stage and screen star, is coming on Thursday of this week to the Majestic Theatre in the screen version of the great success, "Today," written by George Broadhurst and Abraham Soshner. It is a stirring story of a woman's struggle to force her husband to obey her despite a financial failure which crippled his whole career. A woman's intuition sometimes guides her in deciding momentous questions that concern her whole future. Not so in the gripping "Today." "Today," says a woman solved the most important problem in her life in the vivid light given by a timely subject, again.

Classified

FOR SALE—A twelve room house with a six room house in rear. Rents for \$52 per month \$3700. Peoples Realty Company. 166-tf

FOR RENT—Rooms for light housekeeping. 101 Fallowfield avenue. 164-tf

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 101 Fallowfield avenue. 178-tf

FOR RENT—Small store room with three living rooms, suitable for shoe shop, tailor shop, millinery office etc., rent \$16.00, situate opposite postoffice, Charleroi. Also For Rent—Four small rooms corner of Seventh and Fallowfield avenue rent \$16.00. Inquire E. J. Charles, Charleroi Savings and Trust Co. 180-tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. One who can go home at night. Address 81 Mail office. 172-tf

WANTED—Girl for the National Restaurant, at Sixth street and McKean avenue. 178-tf

WANTED—Chambermaid, G53 wages. Steady work. Apply to the Monongahela House, Brownsville, Pa. 180-tf

LOST—LADIES hand engraved watch, star on back set with brilliant. Valued at keep sake. Liberal reward if returned to 88 Mail office. 180-tf

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

The great question among the boys in the military training camps is "When do we go over?" Their officers will enlighten them some day.

PRINCESS ON PRINCE STREET

Queenly Young Woman Honors a Mail Carrier by Handing Him a Dainty Envelope to Be Posted.

They came along to Broadway up one of the cloak-and-suit streets of New York, Collier's Weekly says. She was an elaborate young woman in rose-colored velvet and fair as a May day with all her hair on to the dazed male alongside who was made up for the world's champion necktie seller in a Potash and Perlman play.

Between dainty gloves thumb and forefinger she held an envelope (it must have been scented), exactly as your maiden aunt used to hold her ice cream spoon in the deer dead days of 1891. A mere human being was handing the contents of the mail box at the corner, and she saw him. "Oh, he can mail my letter! Heah you are, letter carrier!" All this in the clearly ringing, sweetly supercilious tones of an Elsie Ferguson-heavenly girl in a Potash and Perlman play.

Mr. Harrison's coworker took the honor respectfully enough and the rose-colored velvet floated blindly on. A by-stander, however, observed the map of Donegal which served that particular letter carrier for a countenance to be distorted momentarily by a tremendous wink. But, really now, why shouldn't one expect to meet a princess on Prince street—if only in the cloak-and-suit trade? Of course we all believe in the nobility of commerce.

DOG LEARNED MORSE SIGNALS

Canine Recognized Office Call and Would Awaken Master When Latter Was Sleeping.

Tony was a small scrappy-naired Russian terrier that I had while working as night operator at a New Hampshire railroad station, writes F. H. S. in the Boston Globe. In those days I worked 12 hours and often longer when we were short of men, and Tony proved very useful to me. For I taught him to read Morse signals and he would wake me up when my office was called if I happened to doze off after working a long stretch without rest.

My office call was "Ex." Whenever that call was ticked off on the wire I would say "speak Tony!" and the little dog would bark. In about a month's time I had trained Tony to bark loudly every time Ex was called on the wire.

One hot night as we sat in the little office with the door open Tony growled and a big husky hobo, the tallest man I ever saw outside of a circus, lunged in the door and made a grab at me. I dodged and sprang for the desk where my pistol was. Tony jumped for the man and fastened on to his legs and caused the man to trip and fall. By this time I reached the desk, picked up my gun and covered him.

The hobo backed out of the door and I slammed the office door, locked it and turned out the light.

Poor Tony crossed the track in front of a train one day and was instantly killed.

Cedar Forest at Great Height.
In his book, "The Real Algeria," quoted in the Christian Science Monitor, M. D. Scott describes his journey through a cedar forest. "The program was to cross the mountains through a fine forest of cedars by the Col de Telnat, at an altitude of 5,000 feet," Mr. Scott says. "I came across a most curious piece of hillside. Bare rock as steep and smooth as a house roof ran straight from the hilltop to the bottom of the valley with a strike of some 60 degrees. It shone like burnished silver in the bright sun. Never have I seen anything of the kind so beautiful. In various crevices were perched cedar trees, sometimes with a rest so tiny that a miracle alone held them apparently from sliding down the chute."

Perfumes Defy Laundries.
The Arabs around Aden love powerful perfumes and are highly skilled in their preparation. Their favorite is called "oodi." It is made from a wood called "ood" and is so powerful that when burned in incense-pots the smoke will impregnate the garments of those present to such an extent that the perfume will remain upon them for days, even after they have been laundered. They often mix "ood" with civet, ambergris and musk, and thus perfume their clothes. The Germans tried to sell their perfumes at Aden, but failed, as the best they could do was about 43 cents an ounce for perfume not nearly so good as that which the natives made for 8 cents.

What "Shinnamu" Is.
Dyestuffs from leaves of the "Shinnamu," a species of maple common in Korea and known in parts of Manchuria, have given results so promising as to be noticed in a British consular report, says the Nebraska State Journal. Large quantities could be had at about 12 cents a pound, and with the colors produced cotton can be dyed black, indigo, dark gray, gray or khaki. In dyeing silk and pongees, only black can be used, the chief value of the extract being as a material adding 30 per cent to the weight of the textiles.

His Hard Luck.
"So you're going home?" said the old man to the wanderer.
"Yes; tomorrow."
"I understand they are preparing the fatted calf for you?"
"Just my luck. The doctor has made me eat out all fat foods."

SINAWA LOSES FAST BASKET BALL GAME

The B. S. basket ball team defeated the Sinawa A. C. in a fast and exciting game Tuesday evening by a score of 32 to 19. The stars of the game were Stevens and Daniels. The lineup:

D. S.—32	Sinawa—19
Stevens F	Daniels
J. Clark F	Stock
Clutter C	Hulbert
McKean G	Riva
H. Clark G	Mathers
Substitutes—Smith for Hulbert, Mogan for McKenna, Referee, Both. Timekeepers, Wagner and Charles	

"THE BAR SINISTER" AT COYLE THURSDAY

Thursday at the Coyle theatre, "The Bar Sinister" an original photodrama of the modern south will be shown. This picture has played a return engagement at the Pitt theatre and each time to a packed house. Announcement is being made of "Thais" and "Mary Garden" in the leading role which comes to the Coyle January 25th.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLOSE FOR WANT OF FUEL

Nine of the large public schools of Pittsburg were compelled to close today because of the lack of fuel. Only enough coal was in their cellars on Tuesday to keep the fires started, in order to prevent the water pipes from freezing. The closing of the Monongahela river prevented delivery of coal and as they were unable to obtain a supply by rail, they were in no position to make deliveries. It is expected there will be plenty of fuel on hand to re-open the schools by Monday next.

ICE BREAKING IS REPORTED A FAILURE

It is reported that the steamer "Crucible" attempted to do some ice breaking in the vicinity of the Gates mine in the sixth pool on Tuesday, but had to give it up on account of the thickness of the ice. From all reports received the ice is heavy in all of the pools in the up river country and wherever fear considerable trouble if the river should break up on a rise.

TENS OF THOUSANDS OF MEN BECOME OF DRAFT AGE

It is estimated that more than 55,000 men have become of draft age in Pennsylvania since registration day for the selective service, officials of the State Draft Headquarters at Harrisburg estimated on Tuesday. All of these men will be affected by the bill proposed in Congress to draft men as fast as they become of age.

ALL IN READINESS FOR BENEFIT EUCHE

All arrangements are completed for the big euche to be given in St. Jerome's Lyceum, Thursday evening January 17, under the auspices of the Missionary Fraternity of Christian Doctrine. Those in charge have left nothing undone to make the affair a grand success.

President Wilson is reported as being in favor of "daylight saving." However, if Congress should pass the measure let us hope they will move the clocks forward instead of backward.

Dogs killed 40 out of a flock of 155 sheep in Greene county one night last week, which is one reason for the drastic dog law, which is now in effect. If we want wool and mutton we must have less dogs.

Receptive candidates for Governor appear to be lurking in the woods, waiting only the word from the public to come forward and be crowned with the laurel of public approval.

From indications the coming session of the license court in Washington county will be more than usually interesting. For a number of years past it has been more or less of a perfunctory affair.

Wheat bread is beginning to make its appearance in the valley. It has been in use in the east for many weeks.

Almost every day is a less day now, wheatless, meatless, sweetless, lightless and so on.

This present winter is just one severe storm after another.

Old afternoon, have you got your pound of sugar today?

CORN WILL WIN DEMOCRACY'S WAR

America's Greatest Cereal Crop
Is Now Moving to
Market.

MAINSTAY IN NATION'S CRISIS.

Surplus Wheat of the United States
Has Been Sent to Famine Threat-
ened Europe.

America's great corn crop, exceed-
ing 3,000,000,000 bushels, will save the
world's food situation, officials of the
United States food administration be-
lieve.

Corn is the nation's best food cereal,
housewives are beginning to realize.
It contains all the "foods" needed to
keep the body in a state of health and
when used according to the scores of
tried recipes, especially when com-
bined with an added portion of oil or
fat, will sustain life indefinitely. In-
dian warriors in colonial days lived on
parched corn alone for many days at a
time, and at Valley Forge parched
corn was at times the sole ration of
the Continental soldiers.

Owing to transportation difficulties
caused by the war the corn crop moved
more slowly to market this year than
ever before. Now, however, the cereal
is reaching the millers and consumers.
In the meantime the nation's surplus
wheat has been sent to Europe.

Today there are approximately 30
bushels of corn for every American.
This quantity is greater by five bush-
els than in former years.

Corn has become the nation's main-
stay in the crisis of war.

Just as this cereal saved the first
American colonists from famine on
many occasions just as it served as a
staple food during the War of the Revo-
lution and during the Civil War, King
Corn has again come to the front in
the nation's battle with autocracy.

Corn meal is finding greatly increas-
ed use in the making of ordinary white
bread. Hundreds of housewives and
many of the larger bakers are mixing
20 per cent corn meal with wheat
flour to make leavened bread. This
kind of a mixture is worked and baked
in the same recipes and with the same
methods that apply to straight wheat
bread.

Corn bread—using corn meal entire-
ly—is gaining a greater popularity than
ever before. Housewives are
coming to realize that every pound of
wheat saved in America means a pound
of wheat released for shipment to the
nations with which America is associ-
ated in the war.

There are a score of corn products
that today possess unusual importance
for Americans. Corn syrup for sweet-
ening corn cakes and buckwheat cakes
and for use in the kitchen instead of
granulated sugar is one of the leading
products made from corn.

Corn oil, excellent for frying and for
every other purpose fitted by salad oils,
is appearing on the market in large
quantities. It comes from the germ of
the corn.

MADE-IN-GERMANY LIES CIRCULATED IN CANADA

Canada is also having trouble with
Made-in-Germany lies calculated to
hinder Canadian food conservation ac-
cording to an official statement re-
ceived from the Canadian food con-
troller by the United States food ad-
ministration.

The stories bothering Canada are
of the same general character as those
the United States food administra-
tion recently denounced in this coun-
try, such as the ridiculous salt and
blueing famine fakes and the report
that the government would "seize
housewives' stocks of home canned
goods."

The Canadian food controller esti-
mates that when the people listen to
and pass on such stories, each one
"has the power of destruction that lies
in a battalion of soldiers."

"Stories without even a vestige of
foundation have been scattered broad-
cast," said the Canadian statement.
"Nor have they come to life casually.
They have started simultaneously in
different parts of the country and in
each instance have been calculated to
arouse public indignation."

"They are insidious, subtle, persist-
ent. Bit by bit they dissipate public
trust, the great essential in the work
of food control."

"It lies with every individual to for-
bear from criticism; to refrain from
passing on the vagrant and harmful
story, and thus the more effectively
to co-operate in work which is going
to mean more than the majority of
people yet realize."

THE UNITED STATES FOOD ADMINISTRATION SAYS:

There is no royal road to food
conservation. We can only ac-
complish this by the voluntary
action of our whole people, each
element in proportion to its means.
It is a matter of equality of bur-
den; a matter of minute saving
and substitution at every point in
the 20,000,000 kitchens, on the 20,
000,000 dinner tables, and in the
2,000,000 manufacturing, whole-
sale, and retail establishments of
the country.

OLD TOMBS OF PATRIARCHS

Cave of Macpela, Bought by Abra-
ham for a Burying Place, Has
Stood Ravages of Time.

The tomb of the patriarchs in Jeru-
salem, the cave of Macpela, which
Abraham bought for "a possession of
a burying place," is still in existence.
For 2000 centuries it withstood the
ravages of time and men, relates a
writer.

It is situated in the town of Hebron,
16 miles to the southwest of Jeru-
salem, and sheltered from profanation by a
Muslim mosque that rises above it.
The tomb contains the whole patri-
archal family, with the exception of
Rachel. The cave is divided into an
upper and a lower compartment. Only
the upper compartment is accessible to
the priest in charge of the mosque,
but he only enters it in times of great
calamity, and for the sole purpose of
praying. As to the lower compart-
ment, where repose the illustrious fa-
thers of the Jewish nation, they re-
mained completely closed until the
year 1852 when for the first time
King Edward VII, then the prince
of Wales, together with Dorothea Stan-
ley, the dean of Westminster Abbey,
and two other friends, were granted
admission.

The six tombs are arranged symmet-
rically in rows of two; a seventh, in
the wall, is believed to belong to Jo-
seph. Abraham's tomb, which has the
form of a column with a shelving ridge,
is about eight feet high, and is set in
the cemented stone and marble. It is
covered with three gold embroidered
green carpets which are the gifts of
the emperor of Constantinople, Ma-
homet II, the conqueror of Egypt, Selim
II, and the Sultan Abdul Medjid.

CHEESE DIET IS WHOLESOME

One Pound of the Food Supplies More
Than Twice as Much Energy as
Same Amount of Steak.

Too many people use cheese merely
as an appetizer, says the Scientific
American in commenting on a recent
bulletin of the United States depart-
ment of agriculture. According to this
bulletin and to the universal practice
in the great cheese-producing countries
of Europe, cheese is one of the most
valuable of foods and a most satisfac-
tory substitute for meat.

A pound of cheese supplies more
than twice as much energy as a pound
of fowl or round steak and almost
twice as much protein as the same
amount of fowl or ham.

Contrary to the opinion of many,
cheddar or "store" cheese is not usu-
ally indigestible and constipating. Ex-
tensive digestion experiments con-
ducted by the department have demon-
strated that more than 95 per cent of
the protein in cheese is digested and
that 90 per cent of its energy is avail-
able. Even when eaten in large quan-
tities and for long periods, no case of
indigestion, constipation or other dis-
turbance was observed in those who
ate it. One person who ate cheese as
the chief source of protein and energy,
eating an average of 9.27 ounces daily
for more than two years, did a fair
amount of muscular work and kept in
good health.

Dust in the Sweeper.
"Only last week I found Mary's ear-
ring here," said the experienced house-
wife to a younger woman as yet quite
inexperienced in housekeeping ways
who had wondered why the speaker
should look over the accumulated dust
that she had just shaken out of a
carpet sweeper: the Mary referred to
being the maid employed in this home.
"Mary came to me," the speaker con-
tinued, "and said she had lost one of
her earrings and she had looked every-
where for it, but just simply couldn't
find it; but I knew the likeliest place
to look for it, and there I did find it,
in the dust of the carpet sweeper,
where many a jewel has been found be-
fore this, and where, no doubt, many a
jewel has been lost. I always look
over the dust out of a carpet sweeper
before throwing it away." Upon hear-
ing which the inexperienced young
woman registered a mental resolve
that when she went to housekeeping
she would do the same.

Courtesy Was Wasted.

There is such a thing as wasted
courtesy and one encounters it almost
every day in the crowded subway or
elevated trains, observes a New York
correspondent. Recently a man was
riding in a jammed train and when it
stopped at the Forty-second street sta-
tion there was an inrush of passen-
gers. Among them was a richly
dressed woman, who led a boy of
about ten by the hand. She stood be-
fore a chivalrous-looking man who oc-
cupied a seat. With a touch of his
hat he arose to give the woman his
seat, when the boy broke loose from
her and jumped into the vacant seat.
The woman made no attempt to take
the seat for herself and remained
standing. What was worse, she made
not the slightest acknowledgment of
the man's courtesy.

Should Conserve Health.

Health is the first requisite for a
useful life. One may get along with-
out it if there is money to pay for
doctors, medicines and assistance—
even then an unnecessary invalid is
regarded as a cumber of the earth.
The ordinary person needs good health
to play a satisfactory part in life and
should do everything possible to secure
and maintain it through all the years.
With the best of intentions and care
as well it is not always possible to
"evade illness" but there is a better
chance than if no attempt is made to
keep well.

Save

1-wheat

use more corn

2-meat

use more fish & beans

3-fats

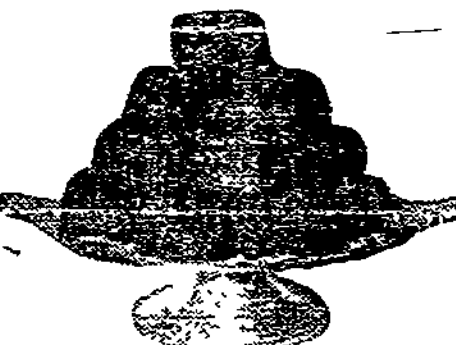
use just enough

4-sugar

use syrups

and serve
the cause of freedom
U. S. FOOD ADMINISTRATION

DELICIOUS CORN MUFFINS.



Here's an old fashioned recipe for
corn muffins that has recently been
revived and used with unusual success
in several of the larger New York bot-
tles. To make three and a half dozen
muffins take one quart milk, six ounces
butter substitute, twelve ounces of
light syrup or honey, four eggs, pinch
of salt, two ounces baking powder,
one and a half pounds cornmeal and
one and a half pounds rye flour. The
butter and syrup should be thoroughly
mixed, then add the eggs gradually.
Pour in the milk and add the rye flour
mixed with cornmeal and baking pow-
der.

WHEATLESS BISCUITS.



Parched cornmeal is the feature of
these excellent wheatless biscuits.
First, the cornmeal—one-half a cup—is
put in a shallow pan placed in the
oven and stirred frequently until it
is a delicate brown. The other ingre-
dients are a teaspoon of salt, a cup
of peanut butter and one and a half
cups of water. Mix the peanut but-
ter, water and salt and heat. While
this mixture is hot stir in the meal
which should also be hot. Beat thor-
oughly. The dough should be of such
consistency that it can be dropped
from a spoon. Bake in small cakes
in an ungreased pan. This makes 18
biscuits, each of which contains one-
sixth of an ounce of protein.

FACE the FACTS

LET us face the facts. The war situation is critical.
Unless the Allies fight as they never yet have
fought, defeat threatens. Hungry men cannot fight
at their best; nor hungry nations. France, England,
and Italy are going hungry unless we feed them.

Wheat Savings—They must have wheat. It is the
best food to fight on. It is the easiest to ship. We
alone can spare it to them. By saving just a little—
less than a quarter of what we ate last year—we can
support those who are fighting our battles. And we
can do it without stinting ourselves. We have only
to substitute another food just as good.

The Corn of Plenty—Corn is that food. There's a
surplus of it. Providence has been generous in the
hour of our need. It has given us corn in such bounty
as was never known before. Tons of corn. Train-
loads of corn. Five hundred million bushels over and
above our regular needs. All we have to do is to
learn to appreciate it. Was ever patriotic duty made
so easy? And so clear?

America's Own Food—Corn! It is the true American
food. The Indians, hardest of races, lived on it.
Our forefathers adopted the diet and conquered a
continent. For a great section of our country it
has long been the staff of life. How well the South
fought on it, history tells. Now it can help America
win a world war.

Learn Something—Corn! It isn't one food. It's a
dozen. It's a cereal. It's a vegetable. It's a bread.
It's a dessert. It's nutritious; more food value in it,
dollar for dollar, than meat or eggs or most other
vegetables. It's good to eat; how good you don't
know until you've had corn-bread properly cooked.
Best of all, it's plentiful and it's patriotic.

Corn's Infinite Variety—How much do you know about
corn? About how good it is? About the many
delicious ways of cooking it? And what you miss
by not knowing more about it? Here are a few
of its uses:

There are at least fifty ways to use corn meal to
make good dishes for dinner, supper, lunch or break-
fast. Here are some suggestions:

HOT BREADS

Boston brown bread.
Hoecake.
Muffins.
Biscuits.
Griddle cakes.
Waffles.

DESSERTS

Corn-meal molasses cake.
Apple corn bread.
Dumplings.
Gingerbread.
Fruit gems.

HEARTY DISHES

Corn-meal croquettes. Corn-meal fish balls.
Meat and corn-meal dumplings.
Italian polenta. Tamales.
The recipes are in Farmers' Bulletin 565, "Corn
Meal as a Food and Ways of Using It," free from the
Department of Agriculture.

HOW ONE SHOULD USE MONEY

Worth of Pennies, Nickels and Dimes
First Value a Wise Man Can
Place on Wealth.

"Any man in order to achieve real
success, must have the right ideas
about money. If he hasn't the right
ideas about money, he is not solid in
character, observes a writer in the
American Magazine. A man may easily
be happy, successful and highly re-
garded on \$1,000 dollars or less a year;
but, if he is, it is because he knows
how to handle those \$1,000, and real-
izes the power that is in each of those
\$1,000, and keeps in sight the fact that
it takes 100 cents or 20 nickels, or 10
dimes, to make each one of those \$1-
000.

"On the other hand, a man may
have an annual income of \$50,000 and
be neither successful nor happy nor
highly regarded. If this is true of him,
it is because he has not the right ideas
about money.

"Here is the thing that applies to my
experience and to every man's: Money
is the symbol of wealth and power. If
your money is handled correctly. If
you regard money as a constructive
thing, something to be used benefi-
cially for yourself, your family and your
community, something with which to
build up and produce improvements,
you are on solid ground; nothing can
shake you, nothing, outside of earth-
quakes and fires, can ruin you finan-
cially. Let me put it this way: The
use a man makes of his money after
he has got his hands on it is the meas-
ure of his worth."

PRINCE OF TAVERN WRITERS

"Good Old Horace" Positively Popular
in the American Meaning, Declares
Genial Midwest Critic.

Old Horace Flaccus of all the an-
cient bards is nearest to our modern
sense. He is positively "popular" in the
American meaning. Nearly every sym-
phony translates or parodies an ode or
two. He is very affable companion-
able and apropos so to speak. We
understand him and feel certain that
he would understand us were he here.
He would be conducting a "column" of
quips and jests upon some editorial
page or else be a better James Whit-
comb Riley were he one of us right
now. To be sure, he would have to
alter his morals a mite to serenade
Lalage and to babble of Euterpe a
little less, but in general Horace would
be "right there with the push."

Old Horace is a brother and a sport,
as well as all men who read him feel,
observes a writer in the Minneapolis
Journal. And that is why so many
are strong for him still, just as the
late Eugene Field was. That Sabine
farm of his some miles out of Caesar-
ean Home and a long time back in
the centuries, is as familiar to us as
"out to old Aunt Mary's."

Measuring High Temperature.

Th, which melts at about 450 de-
grees Fahrenheit, has been applied to
the measurement of high temperatures
in the same way that mercury, melt-
ing at 38 degrees below zero, is used
for measuring ordinary atmosphere
temperatures. Instead of being placed
in a glass bulb with closed tube, says
the Nebraska State Journal, the melted
tin is contained in a graphite bulb hav-
ing an open tube, and readings are
made by lowering into the tube a
plunger of a metal with a high melting
point. When the plunger touches the
tin, an electric circuit is closed, giv-
ing a bell or other signal, the position
of the plunger showing the tempera-
ture. This new form of pyrometer
may be used in either of two ways
(1) to give the temperature at any
time by sliding down the pointer until
the electric signal is set off, or (2)
to announce when any predetermined
temperature is reached by setting the
pointer at the proper number of de-
grees on the scale. As the melted tin,
like melted mercury, is found to ex-
pand at a very even rate, the indica-
tions are held to be notably accurate.

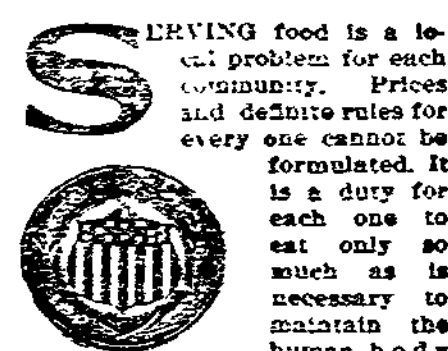
Men and Watches.

Special talent often makes fine
swiftness and genius sometimes
soars grandly, but it is the steady-
going sort of worker who gets the most
done in the end, and is the most re-
liable. It is with men as it is with
their watches—the most reliable and
serviceable are the ones steadily at
work, a writer on the Canadian Her-
ald observes. There is a Pennsylvania
railroad engineer who has retired on a
pension after 48 years of service.
"I have carried one watch for more
than 25 years," he says, "and it always
kept the right time. A good engineer
must have a good watch; it does the
most important part of his work." It
is said of this engineer that he has
been an exceptionally sober, orderly,
steady-going man, whose health has al-
ways been good and his record always
clean. But doesn't this go without
saying, when we know that his watch
always kept the right time?

Don't Betray Confidence.

"Now you mustn't repeat this, for I
promised not to tell anybody." When
a girl prefaces a breach of confidence
in this fashion, she will not deceive
herself into thinking that she has
made things all right, not at least if
she stops to think, says a writer. For
to pass a secret on to one, is as much
a violation as to tell all, and moreover,
if she herself is so little bound by a
pledge, why should she expect another
to abide by it. If you are given to be-
traying confidences, do not pretend
that you make it all right by assuming
that your confidante is more honor-
able than you are.

This Is Our Winter of Test



ERVING food is a lo-
cal problem for each
community. Prices
and definite rules for
every one cannot be
formulated. It
is a duty for
each one to
eat only so
much as is
necessary to
maintain the
human body
healthy and strong. This winter
of 1918 is the period when it is
to be tested here in America wheth-
er our people are capable of vol-
untary individual sacrifice to
save the world. That is the pur-
pose of the organization of the
United States Food Administra-
tion—by voluntary effort to pro-
vide the food that the world
needs.

U. S. FOOD ADMINISTRATION

NEED BIG HERDS

Europe's Meat Supply Must Come
From America.

Warring Nations Have Depleted Live
Stock at Enormous Rate, Even
Killing Dairy Cattle For Food.

American stock breeders are being
asked to conserve their flocks and
herds in order to meet Europe's tremen-
dous demands for meats during
the war and probably for many years
afterward.

The United States food adminis-
tration reports that American stock
raisers have shown a disposition to
co-operate with the government in in-
creasing the nation's supply of live-
stock.

Germany today is probably better
supplied with live stock than any other
European nation. When the Ger-
man armies made their big advance
into France and then retreated vir-
tually all the cattle in the invaded
territory—approximately 1,800,000
head—were driven behind the German
lines.

But in England—where 2,400,000
acres of pasture lands have been turned
into grain fields—the cattle herds
are decreasing rapidly. One of the
reasons apparently is the declining
maximum price scale adopted by the
English as follows: For September,
\$17.76 per 100 pounds; October, \$17.28;
November and December, \$16.08; Janu-
ary, \$14.40. The effect of these prices
was to drive beef animals off the mar-
ket as soon as possible.

In France the number of cattle as
well as the quality have shown an
enormous decline during the war.
Where France had 14,807,000 head of
cattle in 1913, she now has only 12,
341,900, a decrease of 16.6 per cent.
And France is today producing only
one gallon of milk compared to two
and one-half gallons before the war.

Denmark and Holland have been
forced to sacrifice dairy herds for beef
because of the lack of necessary feed.

Close study of the European meat
situation has convinced the Food Ad-
ministration that the future produc-
tion of meat producing animals and
dairy products rather than in the pro-
duction of cereals for export when
the war will have ceased.

BRITISH GOVERNMENT HELPS PAY FOR BREAD

There has been much misunder-
standing about the bread program in
England. It is true that the English
man buys a loaf of bread for less than
an American can, but it is poorer
bread, and the British government is
paying \$200,000,000 a year toward the
cost of it.

All the grain grown in Great Brit-
ain is taken over by the government
at an arbitrary price and the imported
wheat purchased on the markets at
the prevailing market price. This is
turned over to the mills by the govern-
ment at a price that allows the adulter-
ated war bread loaf of four pounds
to sell at 18 cents, the two pound loaf
at 9 cents and the one pound loaf at 6
cents.

In France, under conditions some-
what similar, but with a larger ex-
traction, the four pound loaf sells for
18 cents.

MAKING MEATLESS DAYS PERMANENT.

In the meatless menu there is a for-
tune field for developing new and nour-
ishing dishes, according to E. H. Niles,
writing in the Hotel Gazette, who be-
lieves that the present shortage of
meat and fats will not end with the
coming of peace, but may grow more
acute and continue for five or six
years, thus making it worth while to
develop menus of grain, vegetables
and fish on a more or less permanent
basis. Meat can be replaced by cereals
and other protein foods, or may be
served in very small portions as a
flavoring for other food. In making
meatless menus this author finds that
American Creole and southern cuisine
a broad field for investigation.